Buckinghamshire's population rose by 2,862 in 2017 to reach 535,918. At 0.5 per cent, the county's annual rate of increase was the lowest since 2009, ranking only 25<sup>th</sup> highest among the 38 Local Enterprise Partnerships (LEPs) and 19<sup>th</sup> among the 27 county council areas. Buckinghamshire's median age now stands at a new high of 42.0 years.

Natural change made the largest contribution to the increase, with 1,662 more births than deaths, ahead of international migration (1,023) and internal migration (208). At 3,482, international in-migration to Buckinghamshire fell below the average since 2002 (3,584) to its lowest since 2014. However, despite rising slightly compared to 2016, at 2,459, international out-migration was well below the average (2,788). Net international migration was above one thousand for a fourth successive year, well above the 796 average.

Table 1: Demography, 2017

		Change since 2012			Change	Change since 2016		
	No.	No.	%	Rank	No.	%	Rank	
Aylesbury Vale	196,020	18,420	10.4	7	3,340	1.7	15	
Chiltern	95,355	2,375	2.6	229	151	0.2	313	
South Bucks	69,785	2,299	3.4	173	-24	-0.0	340	
Wycombe	174,758	1,841	1.1	322	-605	-0.3	367	
Buckinghamshire	535,918	24,935	4.9	4	2,862	0.5	19	
BTVLEP	535,918	24,935	4.9	6	2,862	0.5	25	
Enterprise M3	1,698,499	52,612	3.2	26	5,255	0.3	35	
Hertfordshire	1,180,934	51,643	4.6	7	4,548	0.4	32	
London	8,825,001	516,168	6.2	2	55,342	0.6	19	
Oxfordshire	682,444	22,435	3.4	23	3,960	0.6	21	
South East Midlands	2,016,952	118,854	6.3	1	17,486	0.9	5	
Thames Valley Berkshire	905,813	35,005	4.0	13	4,294	0.5	28	
South East	9,080,825	355,897	4.1	5	50,478	0.6	6	
England	55,619,430	2,125,701	4.0	-	351,363	0.6	-	
Great Britain	64,169,395	2,287,999	3.7	-	383,478	0.6	-	

Source: MYPE, ONS, 2018

Aylesbury Vale's population has risen by 10.4 per cent since 2012, an increase of 18,420 residents. This has been the 7<sup>th</sup> highest rate of growth among the 380 local authorities in Great Britain and the 27<sup>th</sup> highest absolute growth. The 3,340 increase estimated in Aylesbury Vale in 2017 represented a 1.7 per cent increase in the district's population, the 15<sup>th</sup> highest rise in the country. In contrast, the rest of the county saw its population fall by 478 or 0.1 per cent. Over the last five years, Aylesbury Vale has accounted for 73.9 per cent of Buckinghamshire's increase.

In 2017, Buckinghamshire's net in-migration from other parts of the UK stood at 208. The county has net internal in-migration for all five year cohorts from 0 to 44, except 15-19 year olds, where the county saw out-migration of 2,437 in 2017 (or 8.0 per cent of all resident in that age range). From aged 45 onwards the county loses residents to other parts of the UK. Out-migration is particularly marked among 19 year olds, with 2,002 leaving the county in 2017, the most common destinations being the university towns of Nottingham (159), Southampton (117), Oxford (97), Birmingham (91), County Durham (80), Portsmouth (79) and Bristol (77). There is net out-migration to other parts of the UK for all ages from 47 with the top destinations for residents over 60 being dominated by neighbouring districts, but also including Scotland, Cornwall, Wiltshire, New Forest, East Devon, West Dorset and South Somerset.







500 400 300 200 0 -100 -200 -300 -400 -500 -600 -700 -800 -900 -1,000-1.100-1,200 -1.300-1,400 -1.500-1,600 -1,700 -1,800 -1,900 -2,000 -2.100

Chart 1: Buckinghamshire's domestic net migration by age, 2017

Source: MYPE, ONS, 2018

At 20.5 per cent, residents aged 0-15 make up a higher share of Buckinghamshire's population than in any other county council, ranking 6<sup>th</sup> among LEPs. In 2017, the number of Buckinghamshire residents in this age group rose by 0.9 per cent (980), taking the increase over the last five years to 6,334 or 6.1 per cent, the 3<sup>rd</sup> highest increase among county councils, ranking 7<sup>th</sup> among LEPs. Residents aged 65 and over rose by 1.4 per cent in the last year and have risen 12.1 per cent since 2012, more than double the county's rate of growth and almost five times the rate of working age population increase. Over the last five years, Buckinghamshire has seen a 16.2 per cent (3,945) increase in the number of residents aged 80 and over, the highest rate recorded for both county councils and LEPs.

The number of working age residents (16-64) in Buckinghamshire rose by 480 or 0.1 per cent in 2017, only the 17<sup>th</sup> highest rate of increase among country council areas, ranking 24<sup>th</sup> among LEPs. Working age residents now make up just 60.9 per cent of the county's residents, well below the 62.9 per cent recorded across Great Britain to rank 13<sup>th</sup> among county council areas and 26<sup>th</sup> among LEPs.

Compared to the rest of the country, Buckinghamshire has an under-representation of people in their 20s and 30s, with a share of residents in those cohorts 23.0 and 7.3 per cent below the national level, with residents in their 60s also underrepresented. Residents in their 40s are the most over-represented, with 9.7 per cent more than across the country as a whole. The next most over-represented are residents aged 10-19. Despite having fallen by 4.0 per cent (3,200) over the last five years, Buckinghamshire has seen the 5<sup>th</sup> strongest growth in residents in their 40s among LEPs, ranking 3<sup>rd</sup> among county councils areas. While the growth in residents in their 50s was 11.9 per cent (8,106), this was only the 17<sup>th</sup> strongest growth among LEPs and 18<sup>th</sup> among county council areas.





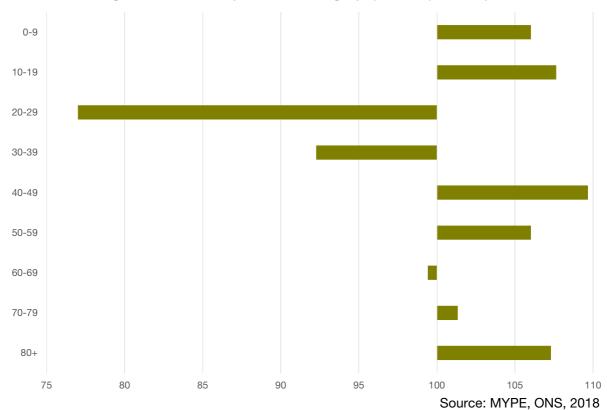


Table 2: Demography by broad age group, 2017

	0-15			16-64			65+		
	No.	%	Rank	No.	%	Rank	No.	%	Rank
Aylesbury Vale	40,404	20.6	62	122,974	62.7	113	32,642	16.7	296
Chiltern	19,706	20.7	58	55,299	58.0	340	20,350	21.3	129
South Bucks	13,547	19.4	119	41,612	59.6	285	14,626	21.0	136
Wycombe	36,217	20.7	51	106,743	61.1	212	31,798	18.2	253
Buckinghamshire	109,874	20.5	1	326,628	60.9	13	99,416	18.6	24
BTVLEP	109,874	20.5	6	326,628	60.9	26	99,416	18.6	25
Enterprise M3	324,085	19.1	14	1,038,306	61.1	24	336,108	19.8	16
Hertfordshire	241,423	20.4	7	740,327	62.7	16	199,184	16.9	33
London	1,812,812	20.5	5	5,973,028	67.7	1	1,039,161	11.8	38
Oxfordshire	128,243	18.8	18	431,024	63.2	9	123,177	18.0	26
South East Midlands	423,968	21.0	3	1,260,884	62.5	17	332,100	16.5	34
Thames Valley Berkshire	193,875	21.4	1	574,566	63.4	5	137,372	15.2	37
South East	1,737,533	19.1	5	5,607,526	61.8	9	1,735,766	19.1	5
England	10,637,971	19.1	-	34,950,948	62.8	-	10,030,511	18.0	-
Great Britain	12,114,673	18.9	-	40,368,375	62.9	-	11,686,347	18.2	-

Source: MYPE, ONS, 2018

Chart 2: Buckinghamshire's comparative demography, 2017 (GB=100)

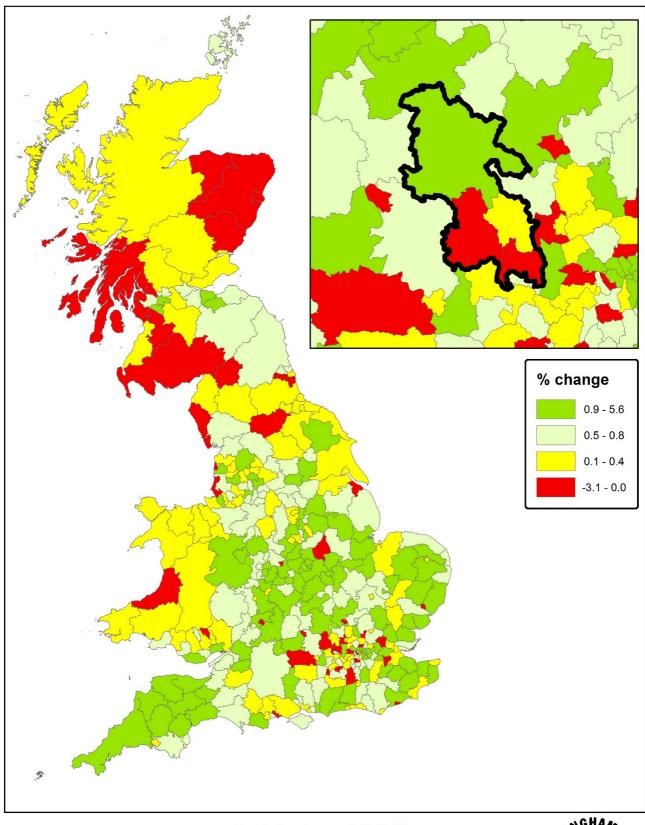


## The raw data can be found here:

https://www.ons.gov.uk/releases/populationestimatesforukenglandandwalesscotlandandnorthernirelandmid2017







This map is reproduced from Ordnance Survey material with the permission of Ordnance Survey on behalf of the controller of Her Majesty's Stationary Officed Crown Copyright. Unauthorisad reproduction in fringes Crown Copyright and may lead to prosecution or civil proceedings.

© Copyright Buskinghamshire County Council: Licence No. 100021529 201

magery © GeoPerspectives.com









